Digital Philosophy and Conceptual Cartography

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Outline

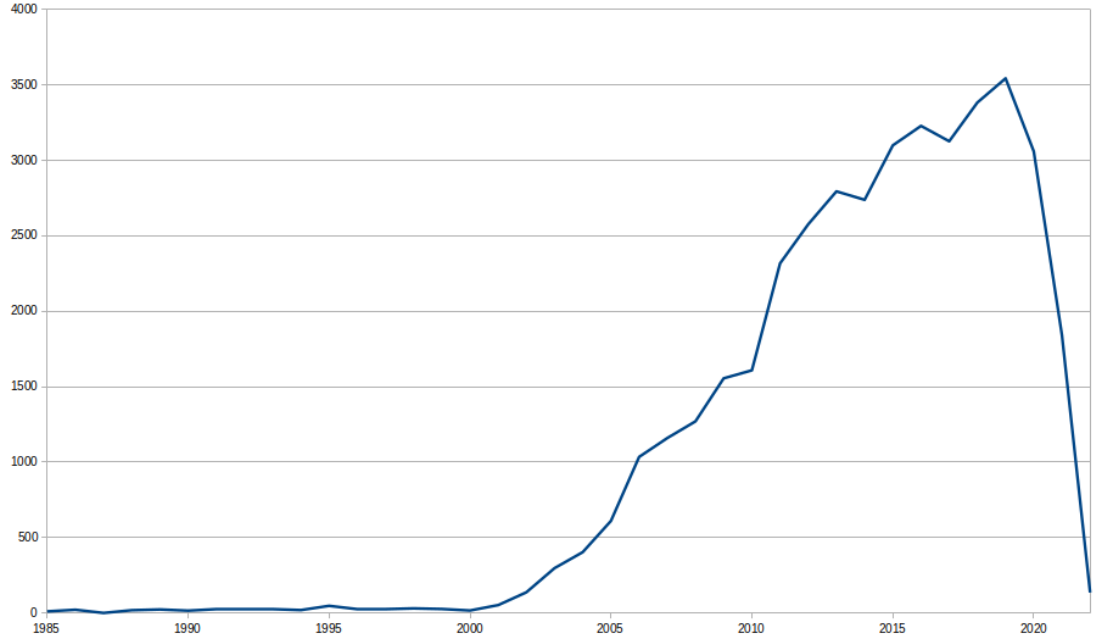
1. Empirical analyses: disagreement in taxonomy and biodiversity
   - 1.1 Corpus construction
   - 1.2 Topic modeling
   - 1.3 Document vectors and stylometry
2. On conceptual analysis
3. From conceptual analysis to conceptual cartography

The take-home (question?): How should we understand the nature and role of a potential "conceptual cartography"?

Biodiversity and Taxonomy

Empirical Tools

Journal	Publisher	Size
Zootaxa	Magnolia Press	31,348
ZooKeys	Pensoft	4,940
PhytoKeys	Pensoft	820
Journal of Hymenoptera Research	Pensoft	382
MycoKeys	Pensoft	315
Zoosystematics and Evolution	Pensoft	153
Insecta Mundi	Center for Systematic Entomology	1,367
European Journal of Taxonomy	Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle	1,105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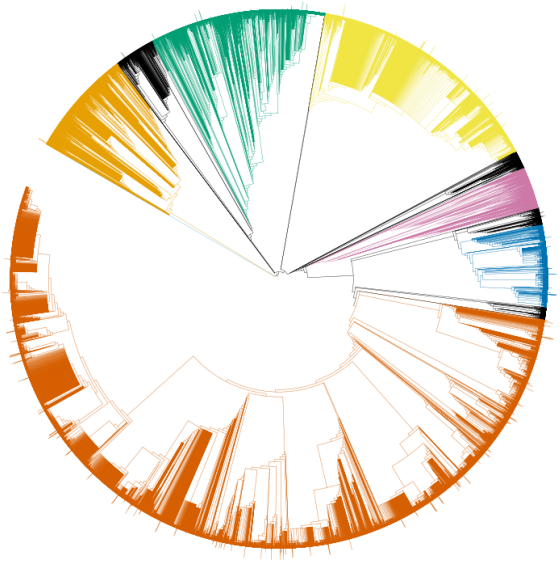
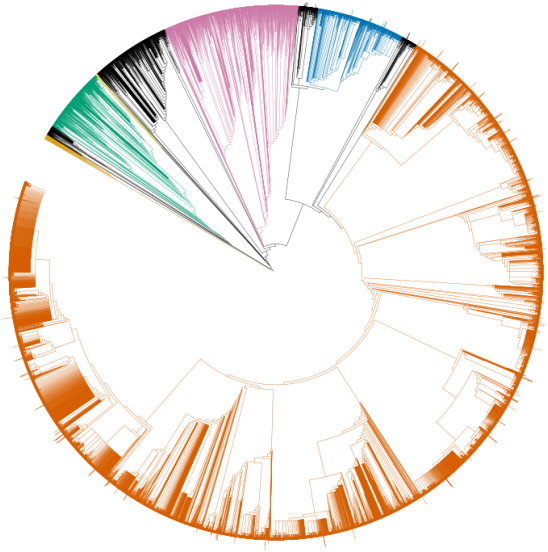
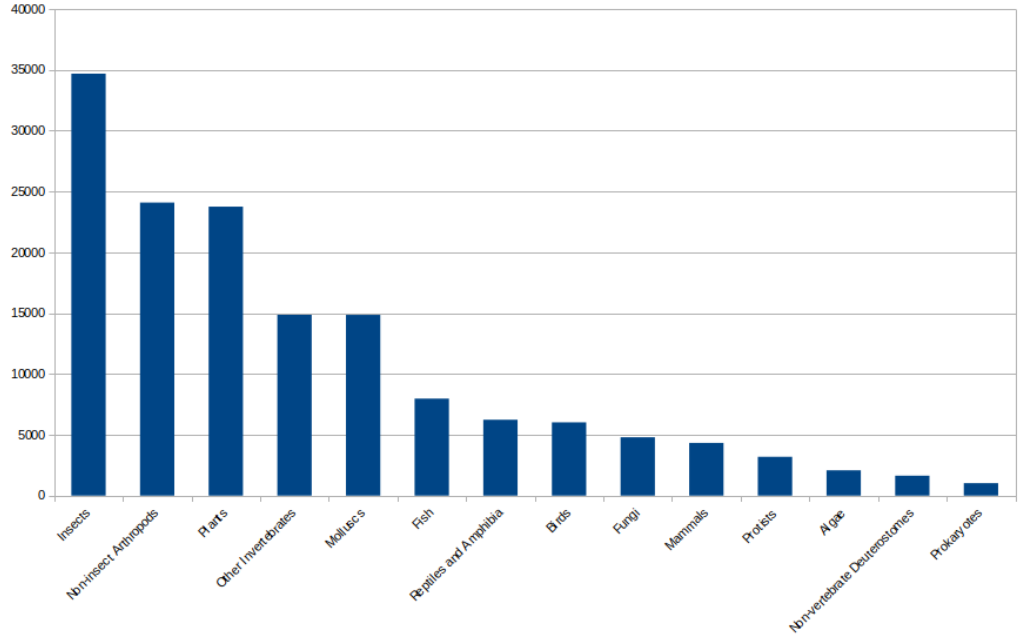


Complete Open Tree of Life



Corpus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Insects
Non-insect Arthropods
Plants
Other Invertebrates
Molluscs
Fish
Reptiles and Amphibia
Birds
Fungi
Mammals
Protists
Algae
Non-vertebrate Deuterostomes
Prokaryotes

Topic Modeling

Briefly: a kind of unsupervised dimensionality reduction that you can run on a corpus of text. Take documents, normally locations in a 172M-dimensional space (number of word types), and reduce that to 125-D.

Interpreting a Topic

Topic 16: popular in mammals

- 0.027*"colombia"
- 0.016*"specie"
- 0.013*"type"
- 0.013*"peru"
- 0.010*"locality"
- 0.010*"venezuela"
- 0.010*"ecuador"
- 0.009*"panama"
- 0.008*"distribution"
- 0.007*"brazil"
- 0.007*"key"
- 0.006*"rica"
- 0.006*"del"
- 0.006*"costa"
- 0.006*"genus"
- 0.006*"male"
- 0.006*"america"
- 0.006*"san"
- 0.006*"neotropical"
- 0.005*"cat"

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Okay: Central and South American collection sites

Topic 31:

- 0.016*"male"
- 0.016*"genitalia"
- 0.013*"specie"
- 0.009*"female"
- 0.009*"fig"
- 0.008*"brown"
- 0.008*"lepidoptera"
- 0.007*"scale"
- 0.007*"long"
- 0.006*"slide"
- 0.006*"white"
- 0.006*"line"
- 0.006*"new"
- 0.006*"bursae"
- 0.006*"short"
- 0.005*"dark"
- 0.005*"coll"
- 0.005*"forewing"
- 0.005*"holotype"
- 0.005*"leg"

Cautious hypothesis: Lepidopteran anatomy, especially reproductive

Interpreting a Topic

But wait.

Our lepidopteran reproductive anatomy topic is unusually significant in one group... **in papers that mention molluscs.**

Interpreting a Topic

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Our lepidopteran reproductive anatomy topic is unusually significant in one group... **in papers that mention molluscs.**

...too many bursas!

Some Cool Topics

Topic 9: traditional specimen collection terms

- 0.029*"specie"
- 0.012*"forest"
- 0.012*"habitat"
- 0.010*"area"
- 0.008*"find"
- 0.007*"collect"
- 0.007*"site"
- 0.007*"study"
- 0.007*"record"
- 0.006*"population"
- 0.006*"range"
- 0.006*"high"
- 0.005*"specimen"
- 0.005*"occur"
- 0.005*"know"
- 0.004*"individual"
- 0.004*"region"
- 0.004*"number"
- 0.004*"sample"
- 0.004*"distribution"

Popular in every taxon **except** non-insect arthropods, fish, and fungi.

Some Cool Topics

Topic 64: molecular phylogenetics

- 0.021*"specie"
- 0.017*"sequence"
- 0.016*"analysis"
- 0.011*"molecular"
- 0.010*"dna"
- 0.008*"phylogenetic"
- 0.007*"tree"
- 0.007*"clade"
- 0.007*"gene"
- 0.007*"specimen"
- 0.007*"study"
- 0.007*"morphological"
- 0.006*"support"
- 0.006*"group"
- 0.006*"genetic"
- 0.006*"coi"
- 0.006*"datum"
- 0.006*"base"
- 0.005*"table"
- 0.005*"population"

Among the **top-20 most significant probabilities** in reptiles and amphibia, birds, fish, fungi, and mammals; top-5% in every other group

How about disagreement?

Close reading of a number of papers where we know that taxonomic disagreement is taking place

How about disagreement?

Eaxmple: the “disagreement” list:

- critique
- doubt
- opinion
- disagree
- redundant
- reject
- rebuttal
- debate
- invalid
- misunderstanding
- misconception
- allegation
- allegedly
- mistake
- obsolete
- error
- misclassify
- erroneous
- contentious

How about disagreement?

In the end, we prepared four lists: terms referring to **epistemic values**, **disagreement**, **pejorative evaluation**, and more general **taxonomic change**

How about disagreement?

Ask the topic model: what topics are likely to select words from our lists of disagreement and related terms?

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- **Disagreement:** Topic 43
- **Epistemic values:** Topic 91
- **Pejorative terms:** Topics 43 and 120

Topic 43 (disagreement, pejorative)

- 0.015*"specie"
- 0.011*"name"
- 0.010*"description"
- 0.010*"new"
- 0.008*"publish"
- 0.007*"author"
- 0.007*"nomenclature"
- 0.007*"code"
- 0.007*"publication"
- 0.006*"type"
- 0.006*"article"
- 0.006*"zoological"
- 0.006*"original"
- 0.006*"synonym"
- 0.006*"work"
- 0.006*"list"
- 0.006*"valid"
- 0.005*"international"
- 0.005*"available"
- 0.005*"note"

The terms you use to **present a new species** and to **discuss whether a species is a synonym**

Topic 120 (pejorative)

- 0.018*"character"
- 0.013*"genera"
- 0.011*"taxon"
- 0.011*"group"
- 0.010*"specie"
- 0.010*"genus"
- 0.009*"phylogenetic"
- 0.008*"include"
- 0.007*"analysis"
- 0.007*"family"
- 0.007*"relationship"
- 0.005*"phylogeny"
- 0.005*"clade"
- 0.005*"morphological"
- 0.005*"classification"
- 0.005*"support"
- 0.005*"press"
- 0.005*"new"
- 0.005*"consider"
- 0.004*"present"

The terms you use to **argue about ranking of a clade**

Topic 91 (epistemic value)

- 0.038*"setae"
- 0.022*"margin"
- 0.021*"article"
- 0.019*"long"
- 0.017*"length"
- 0.013*"pereopod"
- 0.010*"fig"
- 0.010*"seta"
- 0.010*"simple"
- 0.009*"propodus"
- 0.009*"short"
- 0.009*"male"
- 0.008*"basis"
- 0.008*"female"
- 0.008*"specie"
- 0.008*"inner"
- 0.008*"robust"
- 0.007*"distal"
- 0.007*"uropod"
- 0.007*"outer"

…decapod crustaceans? 🤔

More precision?

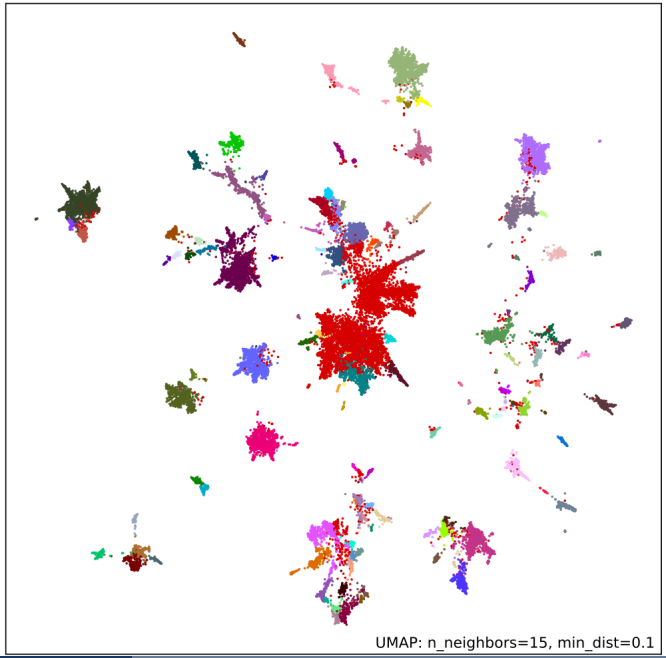
It'd be nice to distinguish between more precise uses of the kinds of terms in these topics—e.g., between **describing new species** and **declaring species to be synonyms**

Document Vector Model

Train a model that represents the words in our corpus using vectors in a 100-dimensional space,[1] and then represent each document as a vector within that same space.[2]

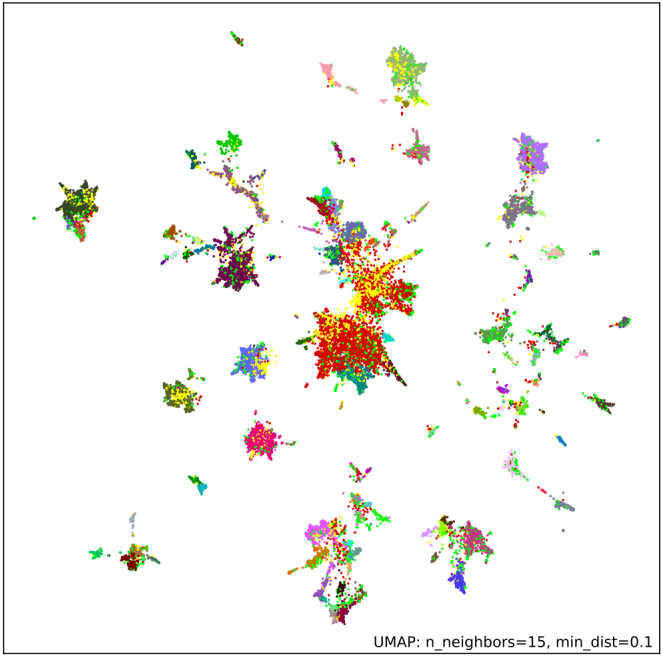
[1] technically: a Word2Vec model using hierarchical softmax

[2] technically: a Doc2Vec model, which infers vector representations of documents by sampling a sliding window of words


UMAP: n_neighbors=15, min_dist=0.1

Finding disagreement

Then: represent our disagreement terms as vectors within this space, and find the documents that are located "closest" to them!


UMAP: n_neighbors=15, min_dist=0.1

Disagreeing about what?

Which taxa are you more likely to discuss in papers that are in the "disagreement" area of the vector space? Extract all species names[3] from the top 5,000 and bottom 5,000 documents, and compare relative risk.

[3] technically: using the excellent `gnfinder` package

Disagreement by taxon

More disagreement:

Mammals (≈ 4), Birds (3), Fungi (3), Fish (2)

Less disagreement:

Insects (≈ 0.5)

On Conceptual Analysis

An ambiguous notion

- A **philosophical movement** in the mid-20th century
- A **methodology** for exploring the boundaries of the "ordinary conception" of our concepts

Conceptual analysis...

"[T]rying to describe the criteria of application that the members of the linguistic community generally have (implicitly or explicitly) when they use the term" (Neander 1991, p. 170)

...for philosophy of science?

Philosophers of science (1) **regularly engage in this kind of practice,** and (2) **it seems like digital methods are helping us do so**

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Think of the analysis of taxonomic disagreement: points of disagreement are precisely the kinds of **difficult possible cases** that feature in Jackson's method

Conceptual Cartography

Some worries

- Documents are **mixtures** of topics
- Often we want to analyze concepts that are **tacit knowledge** for practitioners
- Topic interpretation can require **complex, specialist knowledge**

Toward cartography

What we get from turning to digital philosophy is more like **relational information** about concepts: both their links with one another and their links with other, nearby concepts in philosophy and science.

A cartography in taxonomy

We learn things like:

- How does disagreement relate to fields of study, or to taxa, or to methodological choices?
- Are conceptual disagreements related to epistemic value judgments, or to pejorative language?

A cartography in taxonomy

We **don't** learn things like "what concepts of species are being (explicitly or implicitly) used in this literature?" *That* sense of conceptual analysis is impossible.

Why?

The ways in which digital tools **transform** our texts is exactly the kind of **reduction** that we engage in when we pick out important features for mapping.

Open questions

1. How can we evaluate whether we have a **good map**?
2. Are we just becoming bad, amateur sociologists of science?
3. How is cartography (paradigmatically descriptive) related to other (esp. normative) parts of philosophy of science?

Questions?

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